

March 1960

## TOURIST, INDUSTRIAL, AND PROFESSIONAL OBJECTIVES

IN AREA 5 (WESTERN UKRAINE-MOLDAVIA)\*

Belaya Tserkov' (49°47'N-30°07'E)

Terezhino Scientific-Research Station for livestock breeding

Huins of fortifications (earth ramparts) of 1702

Nikol'skaya Church (1702)

Winter Palace (early 19th century)

Park Aleksandriya; more than 200 hectares; one of finest in Ukraine; now a preserve (Zapovednik) of Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian SSR

Bei'tay (47°46'N-27°56'E)

Pedagogical Institute (higher educational institution)

Sugar beet factory

First section of the hybrid seed-corn plant, completed in 1958;  
processes hybrid and high-quality seed corn

Wine and cognac plant

A hydrolysis-yeast plant to produce food for cattle, large sugar plant, and tile-brick plant with annual capacity of 6 million tiles and 4 million bricks scheduled for construction during the Seven-Year Plan

Largest meat combine in the Moldavian SSR under construction and scheduled for completion in 1960 or 1961.

Bendery (46°49'N-29°29'E)

### Starch-syrup plant

**Cannery**

# The following information on tourist objectives can be considered unclassified when an item is extracted individually.

10-10-1960

Shoe factory

Meat combine

Poultry combine

Silk combine

Chernovtsy (48°18'N-25°56'E)

Higher Educational Institutions:

State University

Medical Institute

Tekhnikums (secondary schools):

Industrial

Railroad Transport

Housing

Textile

Finance

Agricultural

Agricultural experimental station; nearby is an all-union scientific experimental station specifically for potatoes

Botanical Garden; associated with University

Two literary museums

Museum of regional studies

Oblast philharmonic orchestra

Nikolayevskaya wooden church (1607)

Several wooden churches in the suburbs (18th and 19th centuries)

Important textile (cotton and wool) and knitted-fabric industries; stocking combine, largest enterprise in city

Dolina (48°58'N-24°01'E)

Petroleum producing center of Republic importance

Drogobych (49°21'N-23°30'E)

Pedagogical Institute

Petroleum and Electromechanical Tekhnikum (secondary school)

Oil refinery

Chemical industry

Petroleum and natural gas extracted in vicinity

Church of the Honorable Cross (1661)

Polish Catholic Church (14th to 19th centuries)

Kamenets-Podol'skiy (48°40'N-26°34'E)

State Historical Museum

Fortress; founded in 14th century and enlarged in 15th and 16th centuries

Ancient churches and a monastery from 14th to 18th centuries, including Church Nikolaya (14th century)

Botanical Garden

State Pedagogical Institute

Machine-tool plant

Fruit cannery

Khmel'nitskiy (49°25'N-27°00'E)

Oblast Museum of Regional Studies

State Dramatic Theater and Philharmonic Orchestra

V.V. Kuybyshev Machine-Tool Plant

Pneumatic-hammer plant

Kishinev (47°00'N-28°50'E)

Higher Educational Institutions:

Kishinev State University

M.V. Frunze Agricultural Institute

State Medical Institute

Moldavian Affiliate, Academy of Sciences of the USSR; includes:

Institute of Biology

Institute of Geology and Useful Minerals

Institute of History, Language, and Literature

Institute of Material Culture

Institute of Soil Science, Agrochemistry, and Soil Improvement

Botanical Garden

Seismographic Station

S-E-C-R-E-T

Scientific-Research Institute of Epidemiology, Microbiology, and Hygiene

All-Union Scientific-Research Institute of Viniculture and Winery; affiliate of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR

Moldavian State Theater of Opera, Ballet, and Drama

A.S. Pushkin Museum

Museum of Regional Studies

G.I. Kotovskiy Republic Museum

Republic Art Museum

Champagne-wine plant; one of largest in USSR

S. Lazo Shoe Factory; largest light industry in city

Gyndeshtskiy Sugar Plant

G.I. Kotovskiy Mechanical Plant

Plant for the production of artificial fur, fabrics, leather, and other goods made of synthetic materials; in suburbs; under construction in 1958; will rank as largest plant of kind in USSR

Paint and varnish plant; scheduled for reconstruction in 1958

Woodworking and furniture plant

Nail manufacturing plant

Cathedral with bell tower (14th century)

Mazarakliyevskaya Church (16th to 18th centuries)

Lutsk (50°45'N-25°20'E)

Gnidavskiy Sugar Plant; 6 kilometers from Lutsk; one of largest in USSR; scheduled to process 30,000 centners of sugar beets daily

Vodka distillery

Oblast Museum of Regional Studies

Number of other ancient monasteries and churches (13th to 18th centuries), including Pokrovskaya Church (13th to 17th centuries)

Upper Castle or Castle of Lyubart; excellent example of defensive fortifications of 13th to 16th centuries

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L'vov (49°50'N-24°00'E)

**Higher Educational Institutions:**

Ivan Franko State University  
Polytechnical Institute (mining engineering, etc.)  
Ivan Federov Ukrainian Institute of Printing and Publishing;  
one of 3 such schools in USSR; other two in Moscow  
Forestry Institute  
Agricultural Institute  
Veterinary Institute  
Medical Institute

**Scientific-Research Institutions:**

Academy of Sciences Ukrainian SSR, L'vov Affiliate  
Institute of Social Science  
Institute of Mechanical Engineering and Automation  
Institute of Geology and Useful Minerals  
Institute of Agrobiology  
Institute of Printing and Publishing  
Seismic Sector  
Institute of Examination and Organization of Labor  
Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology  
Institute of Blood Transfusion  
Institute of Dermato-Venerology  
Institute of Tuberculosis  
Affiliate of the Institute of Construction Materials  
All-Union Scientific-Research Society of Machine Construction

**Tekhnikums (secondary schools):**

Railroad Transport  
Construction  
Mining  
Electrotechnical  
Petroleum  
Agriculture

Astronomical Observatory

State Historical Museum

Affiliate of the Central Lenin Museum; contains large collection of works by Soviet artists, writers, composers, etc.

Museum of Natural History of the Institute of Agricultural-Biology of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian SSR

Botanical Garden

Theater of Opera and Ballet

State Picture Gallery

State Museum of Ukrainian Art

Numerous architectural monuments and historical landmarks including the the Polish Catholic churches of Ioann (1260) and Mariya Snezhnaya (13th to 14th centuries), the Armenian Cathedral (1363), and Church of Nikolay (13th to 18th centuries)

Tourist base for Soviet citizens; provides auto and hiking route information

L'vovsel'mash (L'vov Agricultural Machinery Plant)

Transportation and crane plants, including the construction and repair of forklift trucks, buses, bicycles, and mobile cranes

Telegraph-equipment plant

Chemical-pharmaceutical plant

Veneer plant

Low-voltage electric-bulb plant

Plateglass plant

Water-meter plant

Electrical-fittings plant

Instrument plant

Mukachevo (48°27'N-22°43'E)

Furniture center; products known throughout Republic

Vodka distillery

Textile plant

Tourist base for Soviet citizens; provides auto and hiking route information

Castle-Fortress "Palanok" (14th to 15th centuries)

Gothic chapel (16th century)

Several other historical monuments

Odessa (46°28'N-30°44'E)

**Higher Educational Institutions:**

I.I. Mechnikov State University  
Polytechnical Institute  
Institute of Maritime Fleet Engineers  
Higher School for Nautical Training  
Electrical-Engineering Institute of Communications  
Hydrometeorological Institute  
Stalin Technological Institute  
Agricultural Institute  
Pirogov Medical Institute  
Pharmaceutical Institute  
Pedagogical Institute of Foreign Languages  
Gor'kiy Institute for Advanced Training of Physicians  
Hydraulic-Engineering Institute  
Engineering-Construction Institute  
Technological Institute of Food and Refrigeration Industry

**Scientific-Research Institutions:**

Astronomical Observatory of the Odessa State University  
Botanical Garden of the Odessa State University  
Geophysical Observatory  
T.D. Lysenko All-Union Selection and Genetics Institute; one of  
largest scientific-research institutions of the V.I. Lenin  
All-Union Academy of Agricultural Sciences  
V.E. Tairov Institute of Viniculture and Viticulture; located  
in outskirts of city  
V.P. Filatov Institute of Eye Diseases and Therapy  
Balneological Institute; numerous sanitariums and health resorts  
in vicinity  
Stomatology Institute  
Psychoneurological Institute  
Dermato-Venereological Institute

Gor'kiy Scientific Library

Zoological Garden

State Archaeological Museum

State Art Gallery

Odessa Academic Theater of Opera and Ballet

Major center for production of motion picture equipment; large  
motion-picture-equipment factory and plant KINAP, producing sound  
equipment and perforating machines for motion-picture factory

Crane Plant Named for the January Uprising (imeni Yanvarakogo  
Vosstaniya)

Agricultural Machinery Plant Named for the October Revolution  
(imeni Oktyabr'skoy Revolyutsii)

Lenin Metal-Cutting Plant

L.I. Starostin Scale Factory

Odessa Superphosphate Plant; largest mineral fertilizer plant in  
the Ukrainian SSR

Refrigeration-machinery plant

Printing-machinery plant

Gas-generator equipment plant

Chemical-pharmaceutical plant

Rakhov (48°03'N-24°12'E)

Regional Historical Museum

Tourist base for Soviet citizens; provides auto and hiking route  
information

Carton factory

Butter plant

Rovno (50°37'N-26°14'E)

Children's polyclinic and medical settlement; on outskirts of Rovno

Oblast Museum of Regional Studies

Slavuta (50°18'N-26°52'E)

Glass works; also decorative pottery and china

Chicory-drying plant

Cardboard plant

Woolen mill

Reinforced-concrete plant

Paper mill



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Solotvin (48°42'N-24°25'E)

Largest salt deposits in Europe

Stanislav (48°56'N-24°43'E)

Higher Educational Institutions:  
Pedagogical Institute  
Medical Institute

Oblast Museum of Regional Studies

Defensive ramparts (12th century)

Polish Catholic Church (1662)

Tiraspol' (46°50'N-29°37'E)

Glass-container plant

Furniture factory

Wine and cognac plant; largest in Moldavian SSR

Cannery

Wood-packaging combine

Shevchenko Pedagogical Institute

Remains of the fortress "Srednyaya," built by Suvorov in 1792

Unan' (48°45'N-30°13'E)

Higher Educational Institutions:  
Agricultural Institute  
Pedagogical Institute

Museum of Regional Studies

"Sofiyevka" Park; preserves 18th century garden

Uzhgorod (48°37'N-22°15'E)

State University

Scientific-Research Institute of Epidemiology, Microbiology, and Hygiene

Botanical Garden

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Tourist base for Soviet citizens; provides auto and hiking route information

Veneer-furniture combine

Vodka distillery

Margarine plant

Castle dating from 10th to 16th centuries; probably now historical museum and art gallery

University Library building and Orthodox Cathedral; outstanding examples of stone architecture dating from 1644

Vinnitsa (49°14'N-28°29'E)

Higher Educational Institutions:

Medical Institute

Ostrovskiy Pedagogical Institute

Oblast Museum of Regional Studies

"Mury"; complex of monastery and fortress buildings (first half of 17th century)

Churches and monasteries from 17th and 18th centuries

Zhitomir (50°15'N-28°40'E)

Higher Educational Institutions:

Agricultural Institute

Pedagogical Institute

Botanical Garden

Oblast Museum of Regional Studies

"Zankovaya Gora"; site of castle of ancient Zhitomir (14th to 17th century)

House in which the Russian writer, V.G. Korolenko, was born

Flax combine; largest flax-processing enterprise in the Ukrainian SSR now under construction in Smolyanka, a suburb of Zhitomir; combine scheduled for completion in 1961; will produce 23 million meters of fabrics annually

Musical-instrument factory